### MLA Style

**BOOKS . . . AND MORE**

*MLA Handbook for Writers of Research Papers (148-81)  
"Sec. 5.5 Citing Nonperiodical Print Publications"

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Source</th>
<th>Citation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
*MLA 152*. See Sec. 7.5 Publisher names and accepted abbreviations (*MLA 247-49*). |
*MLA 156*. NB: multiple authors (*MLA 154-56*). Additional authors are FName LName. Four or more authors, list first author and add et al. OR list all names. |
*MLA 153-54*. NB: No author; editor [ed.] or compiler [comp.] for book or anthology (*MLA 153-54*). |
List inclusive page numbers of cited work (*MLA 158*). Cf. Patrick (Entire Book entry above) for location of editor information (*MLA 157-62*). |
Previously published article republished in a collection use Rpt. in [=reprinted in] (*MLA 159*). Items republished under a different title cite original’s information; add Rpt. of and cite new information. For reprinted excerpts use Excerpt from (*MLA 159*). |
Reference book; full publication information not required for known, widely used reference work (*MLA 160*).  
Specialized work (*MLA 160*). Edition (*MLA 167-68*). Multivolume (*MLA 168-70*). Omit page numbers if entries are alphabetical (*MLA 160*). |
*MLA 228*. Italicize particular editions of scriptural writings and common works (*MLA 227*). Otherwise omit italics or quotes for Bible, Talmud, or Koran, Old Testament and similar scriptural texts (*MLA 91*). Bible parts abbreviations (*MLA 251*). |
*MLA 176*. N.B.: If no specific author, list government and name of issuing agency as author (*MLA 174-77*). Known author may begin entry or follow title and the word By or role (e.g., Ed., Comp.) (*MLA 176*). |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Source</th>
<th>Citation</th>
</tr>
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</table>
(MLA 140). If published as a series, include the information between the journal title and volume number (e.g., “…Journal Title 4th ser. 10.4…”) (MLA 141).  
(MLA 140). N.B.: Some publications may have only a volume number, others not even that. Annual publications, such as *Profession*, are cited by the year (MLA 139). |
(MLA 143). Magazines publishing issues more than once a month, require a complete date (day month year) (MLA 142-43).  
"Do not include volume and issue numbers" (MLA 143).  
(MLA 143). Monthly magazines require only the issue's month(s) and year.  
For discontinuous article pages, add a plus sign after to the first page's number (e.g., 6+) (MLA 143). |
(MLA 142). Add city of publication in brackets if not reflected in newspaper title (MLA 141). Does not apply to nationally known publications (e.g., Wall Street Journal). Abbreviate months except for May, June, July (Time Designations, MLA 235).  
(MLA 142). Include as much issue detail as possible (e.g., full date, edition (usually listed near masthead), section name or number, exact page (number or letter and number). The 1+ indicates pages are discontinuous (MLA 141-42). |
### DATABASE SOURCES

*Articles in Journals, Magazines, Newspapers / Ebooks*
'MLA Handbook for Writers of Research Papers (181-93)
"Sec. 5.6 Citing Web Publications"

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Library Database</th>
<th>Citation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
# WEB SITES

**MLA Handbook (181-93)**

"Sec. 5.6 Citing Web Publications"

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Freely Accessible</th>
<th>Citation</th>
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</table>
(MLA 182). Web sites elements include *name of web site* (italicized), site publisher/sponsor (use N.p. if not available), date of publication (day month year) (use n.d. if not available), medium (Web), date of access (day month year) (MLA184).  
If finding the web site may be difficult, include the URL within angle brackets. MLA advises using the text or endnotes to further aid the reader to relevant web information (MLA 182-83). Break an URL only after double or single slashes (MLA 182). |
NB: "Include a URL as supplementary information only when the reader probably cannot locate the source without it or when your instructor requires it . . ." (MLA 182), (MLA 187-89). |
(MLA 191). Rev. indicates this is a review of the Husain book. Both the book and the website are italicized. Use *n. page*. (no page given) when a web document lacks page numbers or continuity (MLA 179). |
Cf. Weintraub entry above. Article findable at the web site via title search. Business Week is host web site. |
Begin entries with government name. If known, may begin with author (MLA 176, 188).  
(MLA 187-89). Online article also published in print. Include standard print publication information. Add database or web information, date of access. Change Medium. (MLA 187). |
(MLA 184-87). |
### OTHER SOURCES

*MLA Handbook* (193-205)

"Sec. 5.7.  Citing Additional Common Sources"

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Source Type</th>
<th>Example Source</th>
<th>Notes</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Film</strong></td>
<td><em>Like Water for Chocolate</em> [Como agua para chocolate]. Screenplay by Laura Esquivel. Dir. Alfonso Arau. Perf. Lumi Cavazos, Marco Lombardi, and Regina Torne. Miramax, 1993. Film.</td>
<td>(MLA 197). Title, Director, distributor, release year, and medium are standard items. Other pertinent items (e.g., producer, performers, screenwriter) may be added. Foreign language film dubbed/subtitled in English, include foreign title in brackets. Chaplin, Charlie, dir. <em>Modern Times</em>. Perf. Chaplin and Paulette Goddard. United Artists, 1936. Film (MLA 197). Citation may focus on individual (director, performer), rather than film.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Researcher conducted</strong></td>
<td>Pei, I. M. Personal interview. 22 July 1993.</td>
<td>(MLA 202). Begin with interviewee. Identify type (e.g., personal, telephone).</td>
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</table>

*A. Koscielniak 11/30/11*